Transcription of John Templeton's Journals

The John Templeton archive is held by the Ulster Museum. The Museum copied the Templeton Journals in half-yearly segments on microfiche (released in PDF) and have made them available to the Belfast Naturalist Field Club to facilitate a project to transcribe these remarkable handwritten Journals into a digital format and make them available to a wider readership.

The result is an accurate, uncorrected and unedited line by line transcription of the pdf copy of the Journals, preserving Templeton's original spelling, erratic punctuation, insertions and layout. The number in bold on the left relates to the Ulster Museum's PDF page number so it is easy to navigate back to the original text. The next number is the date given in the Journal. Occasionally Templeton numbers his Journal pages and where present these are given on the right. Editorial comment is in square brackets, Latin names are in italics. A fully edited version with footnotes and summary appendices is in preparation.

Templeton Journal 1808 Fiche No 1 1 January to 17 August

Initial transcription

118 pages, 13006 words

PDF DAY MONTH/YEAR

JOURNAL PAGE

2

(1)

January 1808

- Slight Frost rain and Wind at night
- Slight Frost and a Slight hail shower

That Man was not intended by nature for purposes base and ignoble,
none will deny; and, if arguments
were wanted, they might be drawn
from that eternal inquiry after
whatever is grand dignified,
or exalted; and, finally, after a
state superior to our present terrestrial one. For it is not too much
to assert, that we approach the
Divinity in nothing so much as

in Wisdom. Hence, as the arts are connected with Wisdom, as men be-come careless of their culture, they become equally incapable of ful-filling the duties of social beings.

For knowledge is what humanizes

Mankind

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(2)

January 1808

Mankind; reason inclines them to mildness, but ignorance generates prejudice, which eradicates every tender feeling

Tillocks Phil. Mag 14. 219

Wolumes of verbal description
will never convey so true and Idea of
a thing as the most slight sketch.

Hence the source of much of our knowledge of Antiquity, of which language
could convey no adequate Idea.

To be able on the spot to make a
scetch of a fine building beautiful
prospect, or any curious production
of Nature of art, is not only a very
desirable and elegant accomplishment, but in the highest degree enter
-taining. To treasure up whatever
may occur in our travels, either for
future use or to illustrate conversa-

(3)

January 1808 great of former ages, to preserve the features of our most valued friends, has made this art not only one of the highest embellishments of our nature, but the delight of all ages. The greatest writers have united to praise, and empires to encourage it. It has been in the highest degree morally useful; and, where it has flourished, con--fered honour on the country. In fact society could not sustain a more severe loss than in being deprived of it; as many comforts, and all those elegancies that adorne the present state of our being, must depart with it. What has been the fate of those people whose lawgivers forbid the practice of one part of the ele--gant arts? It appears they well

knew

5

(4)

knew, that where art resides, wisdom will ever be of the party; and dreaded the downfall of opinions built on a false base.

Wisdom is power, and power is what preserves a nation: hence those who shut the door against knowledge are wilfully seeking their own destruction: such is precisely the present state of the Turkish empire

Ye Gods! what Justice rules the ball!
Freedom and arts together fall:
Fools grant whate'er ambition craves;
And Man once ignorant are slaves.

Pope

What was the fate of Crete, that
was so renowned for her wisdom,
valour, and laws? How did she
sink under the tyranny and oppression of Rome? With their freedom departed their arts, their Sci-

-ences

6

(5)

January 1808
-ences, their valour, and their virtues.
With the loss of Liberty we lose all the ardour nature has furnished us with to strengthen and support

the flame of genius and the ardent
glow of valour: without it we become destitute of vigorous resolution, and sink below the natural
virtue and dignity of our Species

Tillocks Phil Mag. 14. 221

On the Ore Uranium

C. Sage ——-Thinking, like all those who possess any elevation of mind, & a Philosophical spirit in cultivating the Sciences, that it is more proper to consecrate the names of men who have enriched them by their discoveries, than those of the fabulous deities, and greatmen who resemble these deities in a great many points, C. Sage wished that the name of Uranium

7

(6)

January 1808

-nium given to this Metal by the
Germans, who called the Planet dis-covered by Herschel Uranus, might
be changed. In applauding these
motives, it will perhaps be found
that the names of celebrated Men
ought to be assigned to those things
which have been the particular
objects of their attention, and that

Klaproth, who discovered this metal has a greater right than any other to distinguish it by his name.

The French seem constantly to agree in giving the name of Herschel to the Planet which he brought from that obscurity under which it had been concealed for so many ages; and, by the effect of the same sentiment of justice, the names of Piazzi and Olbers will undoubtedly remain to those discovered by these

Zoo-

(7)

January 1808

astronomers.

Zoologists and Botanists now consecrate to their masters and friends
the Genera and species which they
discover; and Mineralogists no doubt
will soon follow their example.
The name of Scheele, so justly celebrated, has already been substituted for that of Tungsten.

Tillock Phil Mag. 14. p. 276

Although a Characteristic Generic and specific name would be most desirable yet as after the discovery of numerous species, a new arrangement of the spe

-cies and new characters are often a-dopted, a continual fluctuation in the names will be the consequence it seems better to distinguish the species by permanent names, unconnected with either the Character or habitation, this last is the most liable to objection of any, for few plants are confined by Geographical bounda

-ries

9

(8)

January 1808

- -ries, or other situations, therefore *Gal-lica*, *Germanica*, *hibernica*, *petroea alpina* should be laid aside, or
 rather never made use of
- 3 Showers of Snow
- 4 Frosty Morning Rainy Afternoon
- Slight Frost Rainy forenoon

 Beauvois on the Seeds of *Mosses* and *Fun*gi he contends that the seed is con

 -tained within the Gills of *Agarics*&c and considers the seed in the Gills

 or points of *Hydnii* as the Pollen and

 that it is at the moment of explosion

 and consequently after they are fully

 evolved that he believes the seeds of

 the *Lycopeden*, like those of *Mosses*are penndated [=pedated].

Mr. de Candolle treats of Parasitical

Mushrooms which are evolved under the
epidermis of vegetables, and which
frequently produce fatal diseases among
several

10

(9)

January 1808 several usefull plants, the rust and smut which destroys oats and the caries whi -ch vitiates Wheat, are probably attributable to this cause. It has hither -to been supposed, that these Mush -rooms were introduced by the pores of the Epidermis, but as coloured li--quors do not pass through these pores without difficulty, and as simple contact has been found insufficient to impart these dis -eases to a healthy plant M. de C- is of opinion that their germs are introduced by the roots along with the nutritive juices which support the vegetable, and that they circulate through the vessels till they reach those places best calculated for their development He compares them in this respect to intestinal worms, which can only subsist in

(10)

January 1808 and other Animals. From this theory and from the observation that each species of parasitical mushroom can only pro -pagate itself in plants of the same family, he deduces rules, from which the agriculturalist may derive great advantage in stopping this kind of con -tagion ———-Mon. Mag 24. p 376 In a Memoir upon Marine Algae, he demonstrates that these plants are not furnished with real roots: that no trace whatever of vessels is discoverable in any part of their structure; that they absorb humi--dity by their whole surface; and that they liberate oxygen gas, when exposed to light in proportion to their green colour. He also asserts, that the small grains hitherto regarded as seeds are only capsules, and con -tain grains much smaller, covered with a viscous matter, which fix -es them in situations adapted for

their

		(11)
		January 1808
		their germination
		Sce Monthly Magazine 24. p376
	6	Mild Moist day without rain
	7	Same
	8	Pleasant Mild day without rain
		Great Blue titmouse singing
	9	Misty Wet Morning
		Thrush singing
	10	Barometer 30 - 39
	11	
	12	
	13	At night came on to blow
		hard at W shifted towards the
		North
	14	A great storm at North
		Ships driven from their an-
		-chors - became very cold about
		10 AM Wind fell off at ebb tide
12		

(12)

January 1808

Hard frost and Ice half an inch 15 thick, but a Mild pleasant day at 9 PM Ther - 25°

16 Snow on the Ground at 9 A.M Ther - 35

17 Frost but not severe road thawed in the Middle of the day frozen

	at Night.				
	Heard from Mr Frank Rainy that				
	a Spoonbill had been killed at				
	Ballydrain Lake				
18	Mild dry day				
19	Wet day				
20	Snow Showers Ther at 9 PM 23				
21	Snow lying about 2 inches thick				
	Ther at 9 PM. 25				
22	Frosty				
23	Frosty				
	Received from Mr Mackay by				
	Mr Tennant				
	(13)				
	January 1808				
	1 Saxifraga				
	From the Summit of Brandon				
	2 cæspitosa?				
	3 hirsuta				
	4 Geum				
	5 Umbrosa				
	6 var <i>nova</i>				
	7 adscendens				
	8 Silem acaulis				
	9 Churanthus sinnatus				
	10 Arenaria ciliata				
	11 Anthyllis Vulneraria var 13.				
	With seed of Bartsia viscosa				
	Centunculus minimus &				

Draba incana

24 Frost with slight snow Shower	4	Frost With	siignt	snow	Snower
----------------------------------	----------	------------	--------	------	--------

25 Frosty with heavy snow showers
being engaged in removing a ve-ry large thorn for Dr Crawford
the water of the melting Snow
by a Cold. Chart was frozen on my

15

(14)

January 1808 hat and Cloth into hard Ice

- 26 Hard frost with some snow show -ers
- 27 Snow falling till about 1 AM then
 a rapid thaw commenced at Night
 began to blow a Storm towards Mor
 -ning blew very hard
- 28 Snow Showers hard gales during the night
- 29 Snow showers
- I have often observed that while
 the whole country was clear the
 town was enveloped in Mist, and
 from accounts London and other great
 Cities, are darkened in proportion to
 their size, can the draught of air
 towards the centre of town be the
 cause of this or can it be owing to
 the affinity of Mist to Carbonic

(15)

January 1808

Gas which is always rising from col--lections of putrifying matter in Cities and town an observation of Mr. Ten -nants made in the Neighbourhood of Dublin seems to favour this last opinion, he observed that some mea--dows which had been lately ma--nured were covered with mist while the surrounding fields were clear of it

31 Mild day dry and tolerably Clear Narcissus Psuedo Narcissus an inch above ground

17

2

(16)

February 1808

- 1 Mild morning very wet afternoon & Night
 - Snowdrops out of the Spatha
- Slight Shower in the Morning a fine drying day Found a Microscopic insect like this its motion very quick sometimes revolving



- Pleasant day with slight Frost in the Morning Stormy at night
- Attended a Meeting of the Belfast
 Academic Institution at the Ex
 -change room when after hearing
 the Report of the proceedings of
 the Committee the proprietors
 proprietors proceeded to the Elec-tion. Vice presidents, Managers
 Secretary, Treasurer, Honory Visi-tors and Ordinary Visitors, one

(17)

February 1808

of which I had the honour to be chosen

Received by Mr. Groves a bundle

of Plants from Mr. Underwood of

Glasnevin Garden

1	Silene acaulis	19	Poeonia albiflora
2	Polemonium reptans	20	anomala
3	Adoxa Moschatellina	21	Arenaria ciliata
4	Draha airgoides	22	Poa [2 runs?]

		5	Pyrus salicifolia
		6	nivalis
		7	Prunus pensylvanica
		8	Ribes cynosbati
		9	— — petræum
		10	—— spicatum
		11	Syringa chinensis
		12	Asperula cynauchia
		13	Convolvulus lineatus
		14	Salix caprea mas
		15	— — pistillaris
		16	Cistus scabrosus
		17	— — Lidon
		18	Lychnis quadridentata
	5	A Plea	asant mild day but Stormy at
		night	
19			
		[Repe	at of pdf 17: February 1808 (16)]
20			
		[Repeat of pdf 18: February 1808 (17)]	
21		- 1	1 , , , , ,
			(18)
		Febru	ary 1808
	6		
			Morning but pleasant day
	7	Mild	day Peacock got from Mr Clark
		dead.	

8	Hard frost cold day Chaffinch sings
9	Hard frost a thin layer of Snow
	very pleasant day
10	Pleasant Clear frosty day
11	Frosty Morning great snow most part
	of the day
12	A very evenly layer of Snow
	7 or 8 inches deep Ther at 9 PM
	24
13	Hard frost and bright day Ther at 9
	P.M. 24.
	Hedge Sparrow and Chaffinch sing
	ing
14	Snowing all the fore part of the
	day, but the Thermometer gradu
	-ally rising and the thaw com-
	-mensed [?]
15	Snow going away Misty day
16	Mild pleasant day
	Great Blue titmouse singing
	(19)
	February 1808
17	Mild pleasant day Ther at 12. 47°
	Wren, Woodlark, trush and Chaffinch

singing

18	Mild pleasant day
19	Hill showers pleasant, Misty at
	Night
20	Somewhat Misty but dry and plea
	-sant mild day Erythronium Dens
	Canis emerging.
21	Pleasant dark dry day
22	Very fine bright day.
23	Very fine day
	Whin chat and Stone Chat
	both here
24	Cold dark day
	Shovelling Wheat sown yesterday
	in the Oak tree field.
	That which was sown a few days before
	Christmas about 2 inches up,
	that which was sown about Old
	January scarcely up
	(20)
	February 1808
25	Cold dark day dry
	Hedge sparrow singing
26	Wry gentle rain several times
	during the day

Heleoborus hyemalis in Flower

Warm day gentle Showers

Hepetica in flower buds of Cher

ries and plums whitening

Grafted Pyrus salcifolia on Quince

Pear and Apple stock, also on

pieces of roots, which I planted

in a pot covering the cut parts

with earth -

Grafted Pyrus nivalis in the

same manner -

Also Prunus pensylvanica on

Prunus virginica - and also

one on a cutting of a root whi

-ch I put in a pot - and trans-

-fered with all the others in the

pots into the greenhouse

Prunus Pensylvanica all failed and all

the Pears grafted on the roots

All Failled

24

(21)

February 1808

Rain during the night, a warm

Calm somewhat cloudy day

The Barometer which had

been very high at 30. 49 fell

a little last night.

Snow still lying at some ditch

backs

29 Pleasant Mild day had been

rain during the night

A Blackbird Whistling

Crocus mœsiancus some in Fl

Frogs spawn

25

(22)

March 1808

1 Pleasant mild day had been

rain in the night

Planted Populus alba & Alders

in the slipped part of the ditch

at the Rushy bog opposite Mr

Gills field.

2 Rain in the Morning about one

became a very fine day

Transplanted 2 Pineapple pippin

and a Pearmine Apple tree in

-to raised lumps in the Orchard

3 Pleasant warm day

Larch shows green at the buds

Frogs croaking in every ditch

this evening

- 4 Pleasant dry day
- 5 Pleasant bright warm day

Ther at 12 56 —

Cut grafts of Cratagus tormina

-lis at Belvoir

Grafted

26

(23)

March 1808

grafted on the roots of Prunus virgini -aca and avium, Prunus pensylvani *-ca* - This method has been lately described as very successful in England in the Monthly review for last month, it by raising some of the roots out of the ground inserting the graft and putting them into the ground leaving 2 or 3 eyes only of the bud above ground next season these may be raised and become trees, by this means one stock will serve for many years as only some of the roots will be taken - All Failled Erythronium Dens Canis, Taxus

Scilla bifolia Flowering

6	Sligh	t Frost	but bright pleasant				
	Viola	odorai	ta Flowering Crocus				
	verni	ıs Neap	politanus Flowering				
7	Cool	dry day	7				
			8				
				(24)			
	Marc	h 1808					
8	Dry p	oleasant	t day but cool				
	Graft	ed <i>Prui</i>	nus pendula & Yellow				
	berrr	ied thor	n.				
9	Cool	dry day	wind N Easterly				
10	Same)					
11	Same	2					
12	Same)					
	Rece	Received from Mr Harvey					
	Cyclamen hederæfolium						
	Prinos glabra						
	Rhus elegans						
	Philadelphus						
	Calycanthus						
	Tamo	arisc ge	rmanica				
		ga	llica				
	No.	30	Pancratium maritimu	m			
		71	Atragene Austriaca				
		75	Robinia Pygmaea				

	76	Spinosa	
	80	Liquidamberimberbe	
	82	Diospyrus Lotus	
	83	Daphne pontica	
		88	
		(25))
	March	1 1808	
	88	Spiroea Ulmifolia	
	89	Thalictroides	
	91	Tilia microphylla	
	92	—— pubescens	
	93	—— alba	
	from Mr Whi	tley	
	Vaccinium cr	rassifolium	
		-	
13	Cold day win	d NE Ther at 9 PM	
	29½.		
14	Ice on the por	nd which remain	
	-ed all day. M	fild evening.	
	Cornelian Ch	erry Flowering and	
	Primula acau	ulis	
15	Cold dry day	no sun	
16	Dark cold day	y a few drops of Sleet	
	Transplanted	a large Buddlea.	

17	Dark cold dry day. Snow on	
	the Mountain top	
18	Dark cold dry day snow remain	
	ing on the Mountain tops	
19	Snow falling in small quantity	
	through the day but melting	
	in the lowland. Ther at 9 AM 33½	
20	Cold rain from the East all day	
		(26)
	March 1808	
21	Misty rain from the Eastward	
22	Dark cool day with snow on the	
	Mountain tops Wind easterly.	
	Transplanted the squills at	
	the end of the Greenhouse and	
	Prunus carolinianum	
23	Cold day dry day, but about 9	
	PM. Solitary flakes of snow falling	
24	Solitary flakes of snow falling	
	Ther at 8 AM. 34. Snow showers in	
	the afternoon	
25	A snow shower which whitened	
	the ground. Ther at 8 AM. $33\frac{1}{2}$.	
	Called NE wind	
26	Dark cold Morning Ther at 9 AM 38	

**** 1	T . 1	
Wind	Easter	V

Eulix europœus with flowers

27 Dark cold Morning Ther at 9AM

37 Wind Easterly

28 Dark cold day NE wind. Clear starry night.

Hoar frost and Ice on ditches till after

12

30

(27)

March 1808

12 o'clock.

Leontodon Dens Canis Flowering

Roach appear today at the surface

of the Pond & Bees about Erica saxatilis

Brilliant and warm in the sun.

Ther. at 2 PM. 42

Frosty Morning Ther at 9 AM 36

Pleasant bright day very mild

Evening

31 Pleasant Warmish day while

the sun shone Ther at 9 AM36

April

1 Ther at 9 AM. 40 had been some moisture which appeared on

the Stones about the door in the

Morning - sowed *Bartsia viscosa Centun-culus minimus Draba incana*,

- Ther at 8 AM 35 Pleasant day with sometimes sunshine
- Ther at 9 AM. 45½ has been a shower some slight showers towards night

 The summer of 1798 a Peahen not getting leave to hatch layed 23 Eggs

31

(28)

April 1808

4 Ther at 9 AM. 51 after a wet stormy
-y night showers during the day
Ther. about 12 59°
Double Daffodils and *Fragaria ste*-rilis Flo.

- Ther at 9. AM. 48. Windy Wet night
 Pleasant day after the rain ceased
 with some sunshine
 Sowed Myrtle seed
 Grafted Harvey Apple 4 grafts in the
 Pea field 2 in the Nursery
 Grafted 2 Prunus siberica
- 6 Ther at 8 AM. 40. dark Morning with slight rain. Heavy Rain during

the day

7 Ther at 8 AM. 40½ fine Sunny Morning same through the day

8 Ther at 8 AM 45 - Sunny Morning
after rain drying windy day

*Ranunculus Ficaria, Ornithogalum luteum

Flowering

32

(29)

April 1808

9 Ther at 9 AM. 46½. A small shower during the Day

Oxalis Acetosella, Flowering

Anemone Nemorosa Flowering

On the Coast of C Antrim near

is a recess amidsts

the opining rocks which from convenience for landing has been denominated the Smugglers hall amidst a variety of tales of their exploits related by an Old and enthusiastic Smuggler, was the following. It is customer for these people to consign to the care of each other valuable cargoes which are conducted by unfailing honour to a place of Safety, once a valuable

cargo was entrusted to the care of the relater who had got it safe on shore and was proceed through the defile with about 30 others when an alarm was given that a Customhouse officer was seen at a distance, and that

ter-

33

(30)

terror inspiring object struck with conster--nation the whole gang of Smugglers, but urged to desperation, on recovering a little from the fright, the chief advanced up to the awe inspiring man, with a pair of pistol, and told him that a very valuable cargo had been en -trusted to his care which he was re--solved not to part with, that if he offered to make any resistance he would shoot him but that if he went qui -etly about his business there was a horse with a good chest of tea at his service, the officer took the horse and tea, and had got to some dis--tance when it was discovered that instead of tea he had got a package

worth above £100, the chief then follow-ed after him told him the mistake
and demanded the return of the pac
-kage which was complyed with, and
they

they parted perhaps equally pleased

34

(31)

that they had not met with resistance This same chief of the Smugglers re--lated his having fought when on board his own vessel, a Revenue cut--ter for an hour and a half near the fair head, and that being even obli -ged to run his vessel ashore he had beat the cutter off. It is strange that this man had the most terrible opinion of the unprinci -pled people with whom he had to work, he said he thought of them the most horrid rascals that ever were created, that he had by every means to conform to their caprices, yet did he continue to associate with them and seem to find a plea--sure which attached him to

these desperate adventures.

Related by Mr R. Robinson

Portrait Painter.

35

(32)

April 1808

10 Ther at 9 AM. 50 pleasant day with a few drops of Rain in the forenoon

Bought a hedge hog from some boys

While the Hare is endowed with swiftness and the Fox with both speed and cunning the harmless Hedgehog meekly submis -sive endures the most barbarous treat-ment without complaint, rolled in its spiny armour blows only serve to make it contract itself more forcibly, and its patient resistance is only overcome by submersion in water, where the poor animal to preserve itself from suffocation is obliged to show its defenceless head, and exert a facul-ty which it has before made use of when obliged to cross waters in its nocturnal wanderings.

Content with a Scanty subsistence
derived from roots, fruit, and some say
Worms

36

(33)

April 1808

Worms and insects, it seldom moves far from its mossy recess, but spends in Sleep and indolence revolving seasons.

During winter

it is said to Sleep continually but as it does not like the marmot (*Arctomys Marmota*) retire under ground where an equable temperature prevails, this appears very doubtful, But as it is so seldom seen even during the sum - except when taken by force from its haunt little is known of its pleasures or propensities. It has been accused of sucking cows, and carrying

off

37

(33)

April 1808

off from an Orchard as many Apples

as it could stick on its prickles both

which on examination of the ani--mal will at once contradict, the first is out of its power from the smallest of its mouth, and the Spines are too close and too short for it to accomp--lish the second. The celebrated Buf--fon says he permitted several of them to go about his Garden, that they did little damage, and it was scarce--ly perceptible that they were there. They lived upon the fruit which fell from the trees, they dug the earth in--to shallow holes with their snouts, they ate caterpillars, beatles, worms and some kinds of roots; they were also very fond of flesh, which they devoured either raw boiled or roasted, as it was presented to them.

38

(34)

April 1808

11 Ther at 9. AM. 50. Trifling Showers
in Malone heavy in Belfast in the
Evening

Andromeda calyculata Flowering
Sowed Laburnum, White Broom, Thyme

	hyssop Summer & winter Savory &c	
12	Ther at 9 AM. 51 - pleasant Sun	
	shine day	
13	Ther at 9 AM. 49. Pleasant day	
	2 Swallows seen at the Road	
	Viola Canina Flowering	
14	Ther at 9 AM 50.	
15	Ther. at 8 AM. 47 - Some small	
	Showers	
16	Ther at 9 AM - 45. Clear day	
	some hail falling	
17	Ther at 9 AM. 41. Cold clear day	
18	Ther at 9 AM. 40 Snow and hail	
	Showers	
19	Ther at 8 AM. 38. Ice on water	
	to the middle of the day hail	
	Showers. Mourne Mountains all	
	white.	
	(35	5)
	April 1808	
20	Ther. at 8 AM. 35.	
	Willow Wren come Salix Russeliama	
	with leaves 1 inch long	

Received from Mr Harvey

and a Shrub supposed

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Halesia
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Mispilus

21 Ther at 8. AM. 38

Determined a lichen found Decr. 3

1806 and January 7. 1807 to be

Lichen analeptus E. Bot. <u>1808</u>

Verrucaria analepta. Ach. Pro. 15

Ther at 8. 40 Sleet falling Mountains white after a very stormy

Night Showers through the day

wind strong blasts Nearly North

40

(36)

April 1808

Ther at 9 AM. 43. night windy

Windy day wind Northerly

Arabis alpina & Adonis Vernalis

Flowering.

Determined Lecidea pinicola En. Bot 1851

Found on Scotch Pine Decr. 27. 1807 & Ap 1

23. 1808

Examined and made a figure of the

Red substance observed for a length

of time on the Greenhouse floor

&c Found it Tremella cruenta En

Bot. 1800.

Ther at 8½ AM. 42½ Pleasant but
not very bright day

Ranunculus amplexicaule Flowering

Made a drawing of Brown crusted
black margin *Opegrapha* fig No. 9
and of *Grimmia crispula* found on
the timber of the 2nd lock

Read the Statistical Survey
of the C. Wexford & Kildare in which
I found a great deal of Curious

matter

41

24

(37)

April 1808

- 25 Ther. at 8 AM. 43. Pleasant bright day
- 26 Ther at 8 AM. 43. Dry dark
 day wind yet Northerly
 Talking on the Herring Fishery
 (Mr. Tennent gave it as his opinion
 that the Herrings comming from the
 Northward dividing at the Shetland
 Isles, and part goes into the Ger-man ocean, the other part
 passing by the Hebrides again
 divides of the North of Ireland

One body stretching towards the
Scotch Coast the rest passing to
the West coast of Ireland, Lough
Swilly is the first place to the West
-ward where they are found, few or
none in Lough Foyle, and only at
the streight between the Mull of

Can

42

(38)

April 1808

Cantyre [Kintyre] do they begin again to ap-pear on the Irish coast, after this
compression of their ranks they ap-pear indiscriminately on the
Scotch and Irish coast. So that
the whole space from Lough Swil-ly to Tor point is commonly without
Herrings.) Perhaps if the set of the
currents was sufficiently known
this very extraordinary passage of
the herrings might be satisfactori
-ly explained.

27 Ther at 8½ AM. 45. Pleasant warm day

Saw a Butterfly 1 Swallow

```
2. Sand Martins
```

Glechoma hederacea flowering

Found a Black *Dermestes* in the

Greenhouse of which I made a fig

-ure

43

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April 1808

Ther at 8½ AM. 45. Pleasant dark

day

29 Pleasant dark

day threatening rain Wind SW

Mispilius canadense Flowering

2 Swallows Stellari holostea Fl.

Sent a box of plants to Mr. Mac

-kay and Mr. Underwood

Threatening rain

Wind Westerly -

Determined and made a drawing of

Hypnum piliferum E. Bot – 1516 [p 1516 of Eng botany pub 1806 James

Edward Smith]

the figure good of E.B. but the dentition

which appears with a high mag

-nifier on the margin of the leaf

not expressed

Viola tricolor & Juncus pilosus Fl.

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May 1808

1 Ther at 8 AM. 51.

Made a drawing of Bryum anno-

-tinum Found in the Moss also

Hypnum cuspidatum.

Made a drawing of Vorticella

viridis a very minute animalcule

Found in the drain at the Rushy bog

Montia fontana Fl. & Chaerophyllum

sylvestre Papilio cardamlinus Male

- Ther at 8 AM. 51. Warm pleasant day
- 3 Ther at 8 AM 55. Ther at 2 PM. 65

Narcissus triandrous, Calathimus

& Bulbocodium, Pyrus præcox

Ixia Bulbocodium,

Papilio Urtica Swallows plenty

Rail calling & Martins building

45

(41)

May 1808

4 Ther at 8 AM. 55 Gentle Rain Cuckoo calling

Made a drawing of *Coccinella 14 punctata*Found by Miss Jane Tennent

Put out Arbutus Andrachne

Prospectus for the Belfast

Monthly Magazine

Written by John Hancock
On the first of September 1808 It is in
-tended to publish- The first Number
of the Belfast Monthly Magazine.
To be published on the first day of
each succeeding Month price 1s-8
In offering a New periodical work to the
patronage of the public it will reason
-ably be expected that some claims
will be advanced in its support....
Of promises we shall be sparing,
as we are desirous to be judged ra-ther by our performance, than
by our professions... yet we shall
briefly

46

(42)

-sign to present to the Public.

From the arrangements we are ma-king, we trust we shall be able to

lay before our readers a large portion of Original Communications, in which the tastes of the
several classes of readers will be
consulted... When at any time we
borrow from other periodical publications, we shall candidly acknowledge the sources whence
we extract, and thus avoid the meanness of borrowing without making
an acknowledgement.

The Political department will give an historical review of the state of Politics; accompanied with official documents, and other authentic illustrations of the subject

. . . .

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May 1808

....Our aim will be to give a dis-passionate view of the passing e-vents of this important crisis...

We shall endeavour to inform and
instruct but by no means to inflame
or lull into apathy.... An impar

-tial relation of of Irish occurren-ces will form a prominent portion of this department.

We are promised a series of essays
on the highly important subjects
of manners and morals, which
without offending existing prejudices, we trust will be found to
promote general utility.

Classical dissertations will occasionally be found in our pages,
though as being less interesting to

the

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(44)

May 1808

the bulk of our readers, they may be inserted more sparingly
....It is our wish to furnish the pub-lic rather with wholesome, substan
-tial fare, than curious delicacies.
We hope, however, to offer an accep-table desert of fruit, now and then,
in the poetical departments;
but; considering that the poetry may
be reckoned a luxury, and think-

-ing that it does not admit of mediocrity, we wish to be sparing in the quantity and choice in the quality.

We shall endeavour to procure some original criticisms on new publications, though from our local situation it cannot be expected that we shall regularly in every number, furnish such

an

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(45)

an article... Our attention will
be particularly turned to publica
-tions of peculiar interest to Ireland
or in which Irish authors shall
be especially concerned.
On subjects of Agriculture, as a
matter of prime importance, in
the present state of the country, we
earnestly solicit communications
from the intelligent.... In each
number we design to give a com
-mercial and agricultural re-port, particularly adapted to

Ireland, but occasionally taking in a wider scope, and also, a Naturalists and Meteorological Report.

It is obvious from our local provincial situation, we shall have many difficulties

to

50

(45)

to encounter, but we rely for support, especially on the extensive popula tion of Ulster; and if we can fur-nish a work, interesting to the
Merchant, the Manufacturer, the
Farmer, and the Mechanic, as
well as to the Man of Letters, and
our Female readers, we trust our
appeal to their liberality will
not be in vain.
The work will be printed and
published by Smith and Lyons
115 High Street to whom com-munications free of Postage
are to be sent.

Belfast April 1808

On which I made the follow ing alterations not however produced to the public

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(47)

At the present period when Know -ledge has diffused its light from the Pallace to the Cottage, and Philoso--phy established on true principles no longer wanders amidst the wilds of conjecture. When a warm desire for literary information pervades all ranks of Society, we are induced with the view of gratifying the prevailing desire to undertake a New Periodical Publication to be entitled the Belfast Monthly Magazine. From the arrangements we are making we trust we shall be able to lay before our Readers a large portion of Original com--munications, in which the tastes of the several readers will be

borrow from other publications we shall candidly acknowledge the sources whence we extract.

We are promised a series of essays on the highly important subject of Manners and Morals, wherein the Censor will endeavour to conduct with a gentle hand his youthful friends along the paths of virtue.

consulted, When at any time we

Classical dissertations will frequently be found on our pages
and we hope occasionally some
poetry which will not only gratify the lover of Natural description but please the critic.
We shall endeavour to procure
some original criticisms on New
or interesting publications, though

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from

from our local situation it cannot be expected that we shall regularly

53

in every Number furnish such an article. Our attention will be particularly turned to publications which more immediately relate to Ireland or in which I-rish authors shall be especially concerned.

Considering Science and Literature
as the true friends of toleration
bound by no exclusive rights,
System of Monopoly, Sect or party
Our political department will
Give an historical view of the
state of Politics, accompanied
with Official documents and o-ther authentic illustrations of
the Subject. Our aim will be

to

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to give a dispassionate view of passing events. We shall endea-our to inform, but by no means to inflame.

In each Number we design to give a Commercial & Agricultu-

-ral Report particularly adap--ted to Ireland but occasionally taking in a wider scope, and al -so a Naturalists and Meteoro--logists.

-ject connected with Philosophy

Literature and the Arts will

be thankfully received, but ever

attentive to whatever can con
tribute to the welfare of our

Country, none will be more

acceptable than those which

relate

55

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relate to improvements in A-griculture and the Arts.

5 Ther at 8 AM. 55 Gentle Showers

Prunus spinosa and Prunus do

-mestica Fl.

Hirundo Apus saw one at

1111 and 21pas saw one a

the Linen hall

6 Ther at 8 AM. 54 Gentle Rain

Vaccinium Myrtillus, Saxifraga

Hypnoides, Fl. Gooseberries and Furze

in full Flow-

- 7 Ther at 8 AM. 48. Wet day
- 8 Ther at 8 AM. 49 Brilliant day,

Wind South

Viola palustris, Rhodora canaden -se. Orchis mascula, Fragaria vesca Stellaria uliginosa Fl-

Whitethroat came

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May 1808

General Remarks on the Peninsula of the Crimea.

The seasons in this country, and upon the whole, very unequal. I have kn-own a winter, that of 1795-6, when, so early as the 6th of February, all the spring flowers were everywhere seen in full bloom, such as the *Vi-ola odorata*, *Tussilago*, *Crocus*, *Col-chicum vernum*, *Hyacinthus ra-cemosus*, several kinds of *Ornitho-galum*, *Cyclamen*, *Arabis alpina*, and *Fumaria*. During the remainder of that month, they were buried under a deep snow, though not a sin

-gle day was marked by severe frost.

On the other hand the rigourous winter of 1798-9 and of 1799-1800, continued from the end of October till April, with various degrees of cold, accompanied by violent hurricanes from the North, so as frequent -ly to cause the Mercury to sink 18 degrees

be-

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May 1808

below the freezing point; which was likewise the lowest state of the thermometer in 1787. In the last of these winters,
the frost was so intensive, during the
most boisterous North winds, that not
only the whole sea of Azof, together
with the Bosphorus, but also great
part of the Bay of Kaffa and several
creeks of the Black Sea were covered
with Ice, sufficiently strong to support the weight of persons crossing
both on foot and on horseback. Such in
-clement winters, as well as copious falls
of Snow, are not very common; and
the latter seldom remains on the ground

throughout the season. The winds are very variable, and bring rain from the West and Southwest; mild air and frequently mists from the south, serene dry weather from the east; and cold from the North.- Besides the Barometer is subject to sudden changes, and the Climate is so unsettled that

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that it often varies six or eight times in 24 hours. Fine weather however and hea -vy storms, which last are but too common generally, follow or precede the Changes of the Moon. The sum-mers in the Crimea are also very irregular. Too frequently droughts prevail for several successive years, even from the beginning of Spring; so that the wells and brooks are dried up; and it is no uncommon thing to see the thermometer stand, in the shade at 29, 30, or even 31 degres of Reaumur. On the same day, however it often falls

10 or 12 degrees, and there is generally a current of air, which moderates the heat, especially in the Mountainous vallies, that are exposed towards the sea and along the banks of rivers. Cool and rainy summers are uncom -mon though they occasionally hap-pen after severe winters.

Pallas Travels through the South
-ern provinces of the Russian Empire
Vol II. p 376.

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From the Same

The most common sort of Fish occurring here, is the mullet, or *Mugil Cepha*-lus, which swims in large shoals along the whole shore of the Black sea, as far as the Canal of Constantinople; and from the roe of which Botargo is prepared. Fish of different ages advance in distinct shoals; a fact, which has also been obser
-ved in the Bosphorus, and in some parts of the sea of Azof

The above-mentioned observation is not peculiar to the *Mugil Cephalus*I believe few people conversant with fish have not made the same observation, Roach, Perch &c are seldom caught of different sizes at the same time, and few people but must have observed the uniformity in the size

of

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of Herring caught out of the same
Shoal, very often the large and the
small shoals haunt different places
so that Skilful fishermen know where
to find them ———

Today I heard from Mr. Dunlop

Junr. - a remarkable instance of the sagacity of Foxes A pair of Male and female confined in the Yard of Mr Gillet keeper of the Belfast hotel, had observed through the day 7 ducks in the yard which excited their particular attention when the ducks approached them

they couched in hopes the ducks
would be induced to approach
then while they remained qui-etly observing their every motion,
Night however came and the Ducks
retired to rest. The Male Fox then
cutting

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May 1808

about the neck of the female and which fastened her to the chain, let her loose to catch the ducks which she soon accomplished bringing 3 to the male and keeping the other four to herself as appeared when they were discovered

9 Pleasant day
with a gentle shower but mostly
brilliant.

Erysimum alliaria Fl.

Pied bird came

Went to see the two foxes mentioned in page 56 found them the a Cur Fox the female familiar with a young

man which she allowed to lift her in his arms and carress.

The difference between this kind and the Greyhound Fox strikes at

first

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first sight in the shape and length of the legs, and perhaps in the col--our but as these were dirty I could not be so sure of that. the shape of the head however was what I thought the most remarkable character, the nose was small but the seemed flat--ted from the forehead rising more There haunts. Mr John Sinclair re--marks are mostly different this spe--cies is found commonly about the coast inhabiting rocky ground, the greyhound Fox generally inland burrowing in a Sandy soil Ther at 8 AM. 49 - Showery Morning and through the day

Lathræa squamaria, & Orobustulorosus

& Philolobus crystillina on Grafting Clay.

collina

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collina

Turned out Gladiolus Cardinalis a

plant of this has survived several

winter growing at the side of the

greenhouse wall at the NW end

Planted Punica granatum on the

mount at the pond, Fuschia cocci-

-nea in the den at the Pond, also

Vaccinium stamineum & one re-

-ceived from Mr. Whitley

Saw at Mr John Russels a tame Buzzard

brought from Ld. Dufferins woods now 1 year old

Ther at 8 AM. 53. Showers

Geum rivale Fl.

12 Ther. at 8 AM. $55\frac{1}{2}$

Geranium lucidum, Ranunculus

auricomus & Saxifraga Granulata

Fl.

Ther at 9 AM. 57 Showers

Swifts come

14 Ther at 9 AM. 58½ Showers

Troillius europœus T. asiaticus

& Kalmia glauca Fl. & Menyan

-thes trifoliata. Grasshopper Lark

Singing in the Evening

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May 1808

The Reformed Sexual System of

Linnaeus. By Robt. Thornton MD

Classes

- 1 Monandria
- 2 Diandria
- 3 Triandria
- 4 Tetrandria
- 5 Pentandria
- 6 Hexandria
- 7 Heptandria
- 8 Octandria
- 9 Enneandria
- 10 Decandria
- 11 Dodecandria
- 12 Polyandria
- 13 Cryptogamia

Orders

Orders taken from the number of pistil

4	3.6	
	Monog	771110
	WILLIAM	v_{1112}

- 2 Digynia
- 3 Trigynia

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- 4 Tetragynia
- 5 Pentagynia
- 6 Hexagynia
- 7 Heptagynia
- 8 Octogynia
- 9 Enneagynia
- 10 Decagynia
- 11 Dodecagynia
- 12 Polygynia

Orders taken from some curious

particularity in the Stamina

- Didynamia, 4 Stamina long, 2 short
- 14 Tetradynamia, 6 Sta., 4 long, 2 short.
- 15 Teosandria 20 or more Sta, inserted

on the Calyx or corolla

- Monodelphia filaments united in one body.
- 17 Diadelphia filaments united, forming 2 bodies

Polyadelphia, filaments united forming 3 or more bodies

19 Syngenesia, 5 anthers united

20

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20 Gynandria Stamina arising from the pistil

21 Monœcia Stamina apart from

the pistil on the same

plant.

22 Diœcia Stamina apart from

the pistal on different

plants.

Polygamia, bisexual flowers and unisexual.

Class Cryptogamia as the natu-

ral Orders

1 Filices, 2 Musci, 3 Algae 4. Fungi

Remarks

1 The Class 4 Tetrandria being a nume -rous one, Linnæus chose to separate it into two, and an opportunity presented itself from the considera-

-tion of the differences, which oc--cur in plants having 4 Stamina, from the proportion of these. Di--dynamia expresses the difference, and the flowers are either ringent or

per-

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personate, a Natural tribe. But as all the ringent flowers are not included in the Class Didynamia, some coming under Cl.2. Diandria there can be no good reason for not making this real division of a Class into an Order. The System hence becomes more easy and regular, and in fact, frequently more

- 2 The Class 6. Hexandria, also readily separates into two parts, from the like consideration of the proportion in the Stamina, and Tetradynamia contains the Natural -tribe of Cruciform plants.
- 3 The Class 13 Polyandria also rea-

-dily divides into two parts from the consideration of the insertion of the Stamina; and one of these, the Icosandria of Linnæus posses

-ses

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ses many edible fruits; but as it is not altogether a natural Class, therefore, no one can regret seeing this part distinguished as an or-der.

4. In the Monodelphia of Linnæus many of the numerical names, which had been used to characterize the classes, are employed to distin -guish the orders or subdivisions, as Pentandria, Decandria etc. and hence arises a confusion unavoid-ably perplexing to the young student, and which our method, as is evident completely removes

The same observation applies to the classes Diadelphia, Poly-adelphia, Gynandria, Monœ-

-cia, Diœcia where the same (
may I call it so) impropriety
occurs. This class in Linnæus
is not natural, but, being made

into

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into orders, many of them became
natural as orders, as the Colum-

niferœ.

5. The Papilionaceous Flowers, as they are generally termed, from the Order Decandria in the Class Diadelphia of Linnæus; but the author, unwilling, as it would seem, to make any breach in so natural an assemblage of Plants, has so far deviated from the principles of his System, as to refer to that Class several Genera which strictly belong to the preceding class, being in fact Monodelphious.

This inconvenience is entirely obviated in the present scheme, where Monodelphia and Dia-

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- 6. Polyadelphia is a small, and as D. Smith observes "rather unnatural class". Most persons are shoked to see Citrus, the Orange, in this Class, and not in the Icosandria Class; for Linnæus described it of the Class 18 Polyadelphia Order 3 Icosandria. Now in our reformed sexual System it comes under Class 13. Polyandria order Icosandria in jucta position with other edible fruits, in the subdivision Polyadelphia.
- 7. Class 5 Pentandria; a nume
 -rous class, is subdivided by Syngenesia, and so formed into two
 classes by Linnæus, the latter
 of which, however, as contain-ing an order Monogamia, is
 not therefore altogether a na-

-tural Class. We obviate this by making Syngenesia an order,

and

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and the subdivision Polygamia

to contain the natural tribe of

compound flowers; whilst, under

another subdivision, Monoga
-mia, many plants not having

Compound flowers arrange them-selves.

8. Against Gynandria, which
Dr Smith calls "an odd and Mis-cellaneous class" there lies the
same objection, as we observed a-bove as against the class Dia-delphia, the numerical names
of Classes being applied to orders.
In our scheme, Class 2 Diandria
has and order Gynandria which
contains the natural tribe of Or-chiser, and these the mind is
delighted to see a natural as-semblage embraced in an Order,

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if not in a class. The separation
of the remainder cannot the regretted, as not possessing amongst
each other the smallest affinity.

- 9. Monœcia is a miscellaneous class, and borrows the names of its secondary divisions from most of the other Classes, as Monandria Diandria etc may even from Monadelphia, Syngenesia and Gynandria; for all these become, in Linnæus Sexual System, orders. In our scheme Class Triandria, order Monœcia, contains mostly grasses: hence we retain this natural assemblage in the same Class at least if not in the same order.
- 10. Diœcia The same remarksmay apply here as in Monœcia
- 11 Polygamia subdivides the

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Classes Monœcia and Diœcia; the-

-refore in the logic of Science it is

in reality an order

Envy is at rest when the body is laid in

the Silent tomb.

And then only is a Mans merits truly es

-timated.

Tillock Phil. Mag XXX 253

15 Ther at 9 AM. 58½. Pleasant dry

day

Veronica Chamædrys, Scilla nu-

-tans, Arenaria trinerva Arum

maculatum, Lysimachia ne

-morum Fl.

Ther at 8½ AM. 54½. Pleasant dry day

17 Ther at 8 AM. 51 Pleasant dry day

Spartium Scoparium Fl.

Ther at 8 AM. 51. Pleasant warm

day

Sedum latifolium Scilla companu

-lata Flow -

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On Instinct

Did not experience teaches us how far the Spirit of System has sometimes led the greatest of men, we might be induced to believe, that they were not serious in this specu--lations, or that they had never attended to the habits and man--ners of animals. No individual possessed of the com -mon understanding, can hesi--tate to believe, that animals are conscious of their sensations, and are determined in their ac--tions, by present pleasure or pain; but it must be also admitted, that they possess a strong memory, that they form by repeated experience, general judgements, founded on analogy; and that they after-

-wards

-wards conduct themselves accor--ding to the pleasure or pain felt in consequence of these deci -sions and often in opposition to the attraction of present pleasure or pain; and, lastly, that this principal, well directed, may be employed by man in their edu -cation, and may sometimes lead animals to the habit of perform--ing, with admirable precision, actions not only in themselves extremely difficult, but to which their conformation does not seem adapted. None of these Philosophers doubt that animals have various ways of expressing their wants and their passions, and that those of the superior orders whose organiza-

-tion

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-tion approaches to that of the human species, are capable of

learning the signification of many of our words, and obey our orders, without committing any mistakes. But independently of these facul--ties which in some respects resem -ble ours, and which vary in a considerable degree in the dif--ferent classes of animals, natu -ralists conceive they have dis--covered in certain species other faculties, which appear to be essentially different, and to which they have given the name of instinct. — There are certain actions essential to the preserva--tion of the species, but which are often entirely foreign to the ap

-parent

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-parent wants of the individual; they are often also so very complicated, that were we to attribute them to intelligence it would presuppose a degree of foresight and knowledge, and which no one has yet ventured to ascribe to these species. Such actions can -not be attributed to a princi--ple of immitation, since it should seem that the individuals, who perform them, had no opportu--nity of acquiring such know--ledge, and yet that those of the same species uniformly prac--tice them nearly in the same manner: lastly, what appears not less remarkable is, that

actions

[copy blurred, repeated as 80]

79 [repeat of 77 (73)]

80

(74)

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actions, which have no reference whatever to the degree of ordinary intelligence, and which become more singular, more acute, and more disinterested, in proportion as the animals, which performed them, belong to Classes less ele-

-vated and more stupid. Thus
it is among the insects, the
Molluscæ, and the worms, that
we observe the most astonishing
instincts; hence it should seem,
that instinct and intelligence,
are two distinct faculties in-tended to compensate the want
of each other, as in some respects,
fecundity supplies the place
of strength or longevity, it is
ever by the just proportion of in-

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-telligence

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-telligence, instinct, and physi-cal qualities, such as the delica-cy of the senses, or the strength of
the body, that the species are
preserved.

Naturalists have, therefore sup-posed that animals endowed
with instinct exert these parti-cular actions, in consequence of
an internal impulse, wholly

independent of experience, foresight, education, and external
agents, or in other terms, that
organization alone determines
them to act in that peculiar manner. This conclusion has been
adopted by most observers who
merely differ in explaining in

ex-

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explaing the mode, in which

organization imparts this de-

-termination

M. Dupont. See Cuviers report

of the transactions of the Nation

-al Institute

Monthly Mag. Vol. 24. p 487

Ther at 9 AM. 53. Brilliant day

Statice armeria, Papaver Cambri-

-cum. & Arenaria ciliata flow

Little Flowers on the *Nymphæa alba* blown

in the pond

Ther. at 9 AM. 57. Brilliant day

Azalea Pontica Flow.

Black May Fly. plenty.

21 Ther. at 9 AM 60. Dark day with a Gentle shower

White Lilac & Sedum thymifoliar

Fl. Veronica montana in Flower

Ther at 9 AM. 59. Cloudy with a trifling

Fly Honeysuckle

Shower

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On Confining Birds

The Species of Songbird least objectionable to the practice of confinement,
at least in this country, is perhaps
the Canary Bird, in consequence of
its never having enjoyed freedom,
added to its incapacity of sustaining life under the rigour of our
climate: but even this bird, who
was never initiated into the pleasures of Liberty, and the unrestrained enjoyment of air; whenever allowed, merely to fly about

and enjoy the expanse of a room, evinces his gratification in every attitude. He preens his plum-age, that plumage that seems to dictate to him his birthright

to

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(78)

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to Liberty; he flirts about in lively expressions of pleasure, and in un-bounded vivacity, in this limited indulgence of that aërial power with which nature endowed him, but which man has denied him the enjoyment of, for his own personal gratification.

That the feeling and sentiment of birds by whatever name we may designate them, are tender and sympathetic, their conjugal and parental conduct amply testifies.

I well remember that when a
Schoolboy, there was not one among
us without his bird. There were two
Male Linnets, who preserved during

their lives, which were protracted for some years, the most inviable

at-

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(79)

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attachment and friendship. These Linnets were named Robert and Hen -ry; they had not been brought up together, nor did they belong to the same person. It was early obser--ved that whenever one of the birds sang, the other bird joined it; and at night, each slept on that side of the cage next its friend's. At length their attachment was more fully ascertained by this accident. It was customary to allow the birds to fly about the chamber in which they were kept, on clean--ing their cages. On one of these occasions, one of these linnets be--ing at Liberty, flew to the cage of the other; and they were after

-wards

May 1808

wards, now and then, indulged with the privilege of being together in one cage, when they uniformly expres--sed their high gratification by flut--tering towards each other, joining their bills together, and alternately gently picking the tongue of their friend. At length it was agreed to allow one of these birds to fly abroad in the open-air, whilst the other was placed out in its cage. I have known the friend left at liberty to mix for some hours with the wild Linnets, for this was on a heath or common near the schoolhouse, and regular--ly to return in the evening to his vacated cage placed near his con--fined friend. This indulgence of the common was conferred alter-

-nately

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-nately on Robert and Henry and

with the same undeviating attachment. They never were allowed
this liberty together; and probably
had it been suffered they would not
have returned; for each seemed to
enjoy the company of the wild linnits, but so indelible was there
mutual attachment, that they
prefered imprisonment together,
rather than separation.
One of these friends at length died,
and the other pined away and
soon followed his deceased friend
- ad sedes illuc negat ridere quemquam.

Yours etc

J.C. Lettsom

Sambrook Court March 10, 1808

Monthly Mag. 25 Vol. p. 220.

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- Ther at 9 AM. 53. Rain during the night. Pleasant day
- 24 Ther at 8 AM. 51 Rain in the night Pleasant dry warm day

Statice armeria flowering at the point Fields – *Plantago coronopus* 25 Ther at 9 AM. 51. Rainy Morning Gentle rain several times through the day. Some Flowers blown on Rhododendron Ponticum & Azalea nudiflora Made Figures of Ulva defractor U. fistuloso Conferva ornata *—— dubia* -----Flabellifera Found on the shore at the point fields yesterday. 26 Ther at 8 AM. 51. Wet morning Rain through most of the day Pedicularis sylvatica Flow (83)May 1808 27 Ther at 8 AM. 50½ Wet morning Wet most of the day Berberis vulgaris Spiraea Chamædry

-folia, Laburnum & Pæonia pere-

Hawthorne.

-grina flow. Hawthorn, and Pearleaved

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28	Ther, at 8 AM. 53. Rain and thun
	-der at a distance
	Aesculus Hippocastanum Rhodo
	-dendron ferugineum Spiræa
	hypericifolia Sorbus aucuparia
	Veronica Beccabunga
29	Ther, at 9 AM. 54. Heavy thun-
	-der like Showers
30	Ther at 8½ 58. Brilliant morn
	-ing and day
	Iris siberica Flowering
	(84)
	June 1808
1	Ther, at 8½ AM. 54. Brilliant
	Morning and day
	Trientalis europæa Double Cinnamon
	Rose Flowering
2	Ther at 8 AM. 54 Rain in the
	Morning
	Trifolium procumbens, Lotus
	corniculatus, Geum urbanum
	Double Pœony, Rosa alpina
	Flow
3	Ther at 8 AM. 55 Some rain
	Pleasant dark day

4 Ther at 8½ AM. 58½ Brilliant morning

Halesia tetraptera, Rosa pendula
Potentilla anserina, Pæonia cor-rallina Flow.

5 Ther at 8½ AM. 49. Rain part of the day

Staphylea pinnata Flow

Transfered *Auricularia Phosphorea* to the *Confervæ* see Dillwyns British

Confervæ plate 88

and

91

(85)

June 1808

and Sowerbys *Sphæria Betulinæ* to *Opegrapha epipasta* En. Bot. 1828

6 Ther. at 9 AM. 53 - Pleasant dark dry day

Rhinanthus Crista Galli, Orchis latifolia, Orchis maculata, Carex pen -dula, C. strigosa Fl.

Found *Carex pendula & strigosa* by the side of a little rivulet running from Mr John McCances into Bonnick moss. Found in the Bog meadows a *Caltha*

agreeing in part with *Caltha radicans Lin*Tran Voll. 8. p 324

7 Ther, at 9 AM. 56. Some showers

Lilium bulbiferum & Iris sambucina

squalens Fl.

Made a drawing of Conferva punctalis found

yesterday at Bonnicks moss

8 Ther at 9 AM. 54 Dark dry day

Made a drawing of *Conferva glomerata*

& C. amphibia cæspitosa

92

10

(86)

June 1808

9 Ther, at 8 AM. 54 Pleasant dark day
In the evening became clear
Herring common in the Market

Ther at 9 AM. 58 Brilliant morning

Kalmia angustifolia & Menzeisia

Dabæcia Flowering

Received a plant of Lithospermum

arvense found by Dr. Tennent in

a Field of Vetches at the end of the

Long pass at Cromack.

11 Ther Brilliant day

Cistus Helianthemum roseum Fl.

the pale lemon colored has been in Flow

-er 5 or 6 days *Iris versicolor* Fl.

Made a drawing of a hedge hog caught on the 7 it was today become so fa
-miliar that it lapped milk on the table beside me while I was painting its picture, the extraordinary form of its nostrils, seemingly having a movable lap distinct from the ori-fice is a peculiarity I believe not seen in other Quadrupeds

(87)

June 1808

12 Ther at 8½ AM. 57. Brilliant Morning

Lychnis Flos Cuculi F

Today I observed that the Hedgehog had a short tail covered with black skin on which was a thin covering of Black hair. the action of eating is performed somewhat like a pig but rather more in the lapping way as all animals whose mouths open far behind the extremity of the snout are obliged to do, in order to lift the liquid without immersing

the nose.

13 Ther at 8½ AM. 62. At 2 PM. 67.

darkish dry day

Lonicera grata Fl. Lathyrus pra
tensis F

Examined a Willow found at the side of the Rivulet running from Mr John McCances towards Bonnick Moss on the 6th. it seems a variety of *Salix aquatica* E. Bot.1437. the leaves were

more

94

(88)

June 1808

obovate or ovali ventricosa see plate 8
of Annals of Bot. Vol. 2 fig 31. than the
figure in En. Bot. glaucus underneath
but not perceptibly hairy to the na-ked eye, pleasant light green above
stipulæ very small semicordate only
towards the extremity of the shoots.
shoots of the season white green or tin
-ged with red finally pubescent.
A Hypnum on the stones in the wa
-ter is *Hypnum riparium*

14 Ther at $8\frac{1}{2}$ AM $56\frac{1}{2}$ Rainy morn

-ing.

Satyrium viride Fl.

Whether *Salix oliefolia* be really a distinct species from *S. ci--nerea* or not I think somewhat doubtful, but the darker brighter green, and longer shaped leaves distinguish them at a distance
In the hedge on the left side of the road going from Cromack to the new Lagan bridge and several bushes which agree

95

15

(89)

agree pretty exactly with the descrip

-tion and figure of En Bot.1402.

In a Garden hedge on the Belfast side
of Cromack left side of the road I found
yesterday what I take for *Salix Forbi*-ana E. Bot 1344. but in the figure the
serrations do not seem so acute and de-flected upwards as in my specimen

June 1808

Ther at 9 AM. 56½ Slight showers

Rosa hibernica in full flower not one

Flower appearing on any of the other

Native species. *Hieracium Pilosella*, *Mespilus pyracantha*, *Rosa alba*Flowering & *Rosa spinosissima*

- 16 Ther at 8 AM. 51. Slight shower in the morning.
- 17 Ther. at 8 AM 59. Slight shower

 Azalea Glauca & Floribunda F

 Stellaria graminea Bunium Bul

-bocastanum Flow.

Went to see a Grebes nest at Lysters
pond, it had yolk coloured eggs about the
size of a thrushes but longer shaped

96

(90)

June 1808

18 Dry warm day

after wind at night

Hypochæris radicata Fl.

Viccia cracca Fl.

Ther at 9AM. 66½ at 3 PM. 70 dark warm day.

Viccia cracca

Lillium Pomponium red & yellow

Epilobium angustifolium Papa-

-ver orientalis & Euphrasia officinalis

Fl

Wheat Shooting

Blackbird, Wren, Cuckoo, Rail

singing

Ther, at 9 AM. 65 Dark sultry

day with a slight misty shower

about 12

Papaver dubium Fl Anthericum

- ramosum

Ther at 9 AM. 69. Dark sultry

day

Epilobium villosum

Made a drawing of *Conferva multicapsularis*

Dill Bri. Confervæ No. 71

22 Ther at 9 AM. 68 At 3 PM. 71

Digitalis purpurea Carex palescens

Flower Carex pseudocyperus comming

from among the leaves Rosa canina

flowering & Rubus corylifolius

97

(91)

June 1808

Ther at 9 AM 57 dry day some

bright sunshine

Sambucus nigra Spiraea salicifolia

common Fl.

Ther at 8½ AM. 59. Dry warm day

Rosa tomentosa Red and White. R. arvensis R.glauca, Hypericum humifusum.

Observed *Vorticella polypina* on a *Conferva* found in the Lagan opposite the first lock where the water is salt every tide.

Also Conferva genuflexa in an old

Brick hole at Strandmillis

- 25 Ther at 9 AM. 64½. Sunny day

 Robinia hispida flow

 Made a drawing of Conferva aculeata
- Ther at 9 AM. 65. Brilliant day
- 27 Ther at 9 AM. 66. Brilliant day

 Spiraea salicifolia alba F

 Ther at 3 PM. 73 -

98

(92)

June 1808

- 28 Ther at 9 AM. 66. Brilliant day

 Second sowing of Wheat shooting
 third in the shot blade
- Very Warm

 Brilliant day. Rd J. Dubourdiu re-lates that in an Island in a small Lake called
 Lough Aghery, SE of Lisburn about 3 or

4 Miles, Herons (*Ardea cinerea*) contrary to their usual custom had bred on the ground, but about the year 1803 a parcel of Black headed Gulls (*Larus ridibundis*) drove off the herons and have continued to breed there since, And the Reverend John Dubourdieu is of opinion that the Moths of the cut worm (from his Description the *Phalena humili*) have diminished as he sees the Gulls in the Meadow before his house pursuing like Swallows and catching the Moths even until 11 o'clock at night and at a considerable distance he can hear snap of the Gull when it seizes a Moth (at this time

99

(93)

June 1808

the Gulls may see the Moths as the nights are so light as to ap--pear twilight throughout.)

30 Brilliant very

warm day.

Saw in possession of Mr Henry Bell a specimen off *Phalangium cancroi-des* Dun. 6. 215 which he caught in

(94)

July 1808

- Ther at 9 AM. 69 at 11 AM 76 at3 PM. 77. Brilliant day
- 2 Ther at 9 AM. 63 at 11 AM. 71 at
 2 PM. 72. Some cloud
 Oats shooting in the Oak tree field

 Lonicera Periclymenum Carex interme
 dia, First sown Wheat, Robinia pseu
 -do Acacia Fl. & Ligustrum vulgare
 Found in a Marshy field on the South
 side of Strandmillis dam Agrostis ca
 -nina, Carex fulva E. Bot 1295 and
 Carex intermedia in the Marshy
 hedge.
- Ther at 9 AM. 62. Somewhat clou

 -dy but no rain

 Centaurea nigra, Scabiosa & Jacia

 Hypericum pulchrum & hirsutum

 Erica tetralix & cinerea Fl.

 Made a figure of Conferva atra E. Bot

 690 Dill Bri. Con. 11. Found growing

 on rotting sticks in the drain at the

 Rushy Bog yesterday.

5

July 1808

Showers

4 Ther at 9 AM. 62, at 3 PM. 61

Made a figure of *Phalona Psi* Dun

Brit In. 133 Found on the wall of the

house yesterday

Made a figure of a New Fucus found

in the Lagan among Conferva flexu-

-osa June 24, 1808

Also of a Rivularia found at in

a drain in the Bog meadows along

with Conferva atra July 2 - per

-haps if not young plant of R. confer

-voides it may prove *R. pisifomis*

of Roth - Annals of Bot - I. 261

Ther at 8 AM. 60 Dark dry day

Saw a specimen of *Phalana Betu*

-laria Dun Bri. In. 237 caught by

Mr Wm. Tennant at Mount Vernon

6 Ther at 9 AM. 61 Rain apparent
-ly to the South dark dry day here
Made figures of *Monoculs pulex*

M. quadricornis Hydrachna marked

on the back red, Found in the drain at the Rushy bog. also Sirex black with white bands on the abdomen. Patella Lacustris on the Sparganium and *Potamogeton* in the drain at the rushes bog. I observed that a little after this it had descended a--gain to the bottom last year. Ther at 8 AM. 63. Gentle rain in the Evening Found in the Saltmarsh near Knock Nagunny hill going to Hollywood C. Down Carex extensia -----distans Samolus valerandi } In Fl

8 Ther at 9 AM. 62 - Dark dry day

}

Anagallis tenella

103

7

(97)

July 1808

9 Ther at 9 AM. 60. Dark dry day

Examined a Fucus found on the

Shore near Conswater on the 7th

Found it to resemble Fucus dassyphyl-

-lus very much but at the same time

it was very like *F. Kaliformis*.

10 Ther at 9 AM. 64 at 3 PM. 67 Dark dry day.

11 Fine day went on a Journey to

Larne

Hyoscyamus niger almost out of

Flower, on the road side about 1

mile from Carrickfergus

Sinapis niger common about Car-

-rick

Fine day

Left Larne for Glenarm I went

by Sallagh Brays

Arenaria verna every place on the

rocks

Saxifraga hypinoides On the Cairn

at

104

(98)

July 1808

at the top

Geranium Lucidum on Sallagh

```
Brays
```

Agrostis pumila on the pastures

Epilobium angustifolium on the

Rocks

Prumis Padis among the Rocks

of Limestone near the

Northern end

Lichen saccatus Same place

----apthosus on the Moss in

many places

-----hydaterpus Ach. Pre 129

On stones among water

which flows from under

the Limestone Rocks

Observed a remarkable Whin dyke

at the Northern termination of Sal-

-lagh Braes and might suppose

it a continuation of the one at

the Cave hill running in the

same direction Viz due North

105

(99)

July 1808

Fine warm day

Triticum Caliacea On the sandy

Ground on the shore

```
side near Carnallock
                    or long bay
      Salsola Kali On the sands
      Rosa tormentosa With a very large
                    Flower among the
                    Limestone Rock of the
                    North side of Glenarm
                    Bay
       Very warm dry day
14
      Prunus Padus
                           } common in Gle
      Elapatorium
                           } -narm Great park
      canabinum
                           }
      Carex palescens
                           }
      Galium Boreale Rocks at the
                     River
      Quercus sessiliflora Appears to
                    have been the only
                                         (100)
      July 1808
      kind of Oak which grew in the
      Park.
      Apparently 2 kinds of Betula in
```

the Park and other places about

106

```
Glenarm but whether one is Betula
      populifolia I cannot positively say
      Saw several of Papilio Aglaja Don Th. 602
      in the park
15
      Very warm dry day rain in
      the afternoon.
      Pyrus aria Common on the Rocks
                     of the little deer park
      Conferva purpurea in a Cave at the head
                     -land
      Fucus clavillosus with both sorts of Fruct
                     ification common about Glen
                     arm
      ----viridis, common
      ----esculentus common. The stipes
                     eaten by the People
      ----vesiculosus gathered and scalded
                     for the food of Pigs
      Ulva palmata Common
      Rivularia vermiculata, Common
      Scandix Pecten Common in Corn
                                          (101)
```

107

July 1808

Heavy rain and thunder duringthe forenoon

Melampyrum sylvaticum on the

Road side, right side

descending the hill com

ing towards Larne -

Schænus rufus on the Shore North

of Ballygally head.

Fucus coronopifolius Found on the

Shore about a Mile N -

of Carn Castle

-----punctatus About the same

Ulva laciniata About the same &

also at Glenarm

-----Spongiosa In pools at the

black Cave

17 Very warm dry day

Papilio edusa Don. Bri. In. VII. pl.

238 fig 2. & Vol.II. pl.43. fig.1.

Among the Furze and weed at the

side of Larne River

Sphinx Filipendula Don pl.6

About the Grassy banks over tinka[?]

108

(102)

July 1808

near Larne in considerable Number

Ulva like U. intestinalis in Fruct

tification of Fl[obscured] in the sea. 18 Fine day but the sky with cathair clouds from which a Man in the Isle of Magee prognosticated wind or rain in the night following Rhaphanus maritimus E. Bot 1643 About the Current of Larne near Mr. McNeils Saltworks Fucus pinnatifidus 13. osmunda Tur. Syn.Fuc. 268 On the shores of the Isle of Magee -----Lorcus angustifolius on the rock near Browns bay Conferva rubra, with innate granules Dill. Bri. Con 82 E. Bot ----setacea 1689. Both the last on the shore of the Isle of magee Fucus laceratus a singular dark coloured variety. Shore near Larne **Fucus**

109

(103)

July 1808

Fucus mamillosus a from ½ to 3/4 of an

```
inch broad
```

On the shore of the Isle of Ma-

-gee

----- alatus B. Gemelin 25.3.

On the shore of the Isle of Ma-

-gee

coccinous In fructification

same place

110

(104)

July 1808

19 Very heavy rain all day from

about 10 AM.

On our way home by the Moun-

-tain road observed some very large

thorns (Mespilis Oxycantha)

about 2 or 3 miles from Carrickfer-

-gus in a very high and exposed

situation.

Heavy rain all the forepart of

the day

Heavy rain during the most part

of the day

Spirœa tormentosa Flowering

Alcea rosea Flowering

Heavy Shower about 4 PM.

Gladiolus Cardinalis Curt mag 135
Which has been out growing at the
foot of the Western wall of the Green
-house for 4 or 5 years in full Flower
Some flowers were blown on my return

111

(105)

July 1808

from Larne

23 Ther at 9 AM. 64. Cloudy and sunny dry

Limetree in Flower

- 24 Ther at 9 AM. 64 Wet forenoon

 Made a drawing of *Conferva setacea*which I doubt is confounded with

 [blank]
- Ther at 8 AM. 63. A Slight Shower
- Ther, at 9 AM. 66 at 2 PM. 70 slight
 Showers

White Lily, Orange Lily In Full Fl.

Butomus umbellatus Flowering

Made drawings of two Confervæ

found in the pools at Glenarm

on the sea Rocks

Suppose 93 sericea & 94 C Borreri E. Bot

1741

Ther at 9 AM. 64. at 3 PM. 72. Showers going about

Made

112

(106)

July 1808
made drawings of *Conferva digitata*See Fig 95 - also of Two Moths
see *Phalæna conica & Racuta*.

28 Ther at 8 AM. 63. Dry warm day Wind Northerly. People about Glenarm say the whale of which the bones are preserved at Glenarm Castle was driven in about 17 or 18 years ago that it was full 70 feet Long and had Whale bone on its jaws the one caught near Larne was a young one of the same species On my mentioning it to Mr John Bar -clay that no Sea birds built on the rock at Glenarm and some other places along the shore which I thought fitted them, he mention

July 1808

-ed the reason was that the water did not flow in to the foot of the rocks at all times, this remark

I recollected to be in all cases well founded.

29 Ther at 8 AM. 63 some showers with dark clouds. and sunshine *Artium Lapper & Ballota nigra* Fl.

30 Ther at 8 AM. 66. at 3 PM 72
Showers Cloudy and sunshine
Observed that the Mildew has made
considerable progress on the
Wheat and also an other Fungus
Red rust, (*Kecidium triticum* see
my figure of this) on the leaves
Flax very much spoiled with
firing

114

(108)

July 1808

31 Ther at 8½ AM. 63. at 3 PM. 71 Showers

Made a drawing of the Red rust

of Flare, and also of the firing see the Figures.

The warm moist weather which has prevailed for the last half of July has I apprehend great -ly injured the wheat and Flax crop the Wheat in the highway field sown in the spring seems completely destroyed by the

The other day I observed 4 birds in Mr. Curtis dam near Dunmurry apparently Grebes, nearly the size of the common Waterhen, dark coloured with the fore part of the neck and breast White. From the view I got of them they appeared the Dusky Grebe of Pennant

115

(109)

August 1808

Mildew

1 Ther at 8 AM. 65. Rain in the fore -noon

Quail calling, White throat, & Com Wren yet singing

2 Ther at 9 AM. 63 Dry cool day

Cloudy Wind almost North

3 Ther at 9 AM. 62. Ther 66 at 3 PM

rain in the Evening

Scilla autumnalis Phlox pani

-culata.

Emberiza Citrinella singing

Caught that rare Insect Papilio

Cardin Dun. In 292 in the Far

Plane saw one first in the Spring

Field

Made a figure of a Jungermania

found underwater in a Rivulet

among the Mountains going from

Larne to Glenarm July 12, 1808

4 Ther at 8 AM. 64 Rain during

the night and mostly through the

day

Ceanothus americanus Fl.

116

(110)

August 1808

- 5 Ther at 8½ AM. 66. dry breezy morning Ther at 3 PM. 70. Pleasant dry day
- 6 Ther at 8 AM. 64. Rain during the night Ther, at 3 PM. 71

A Willow Wren singing

Saw several of the *Papilio Cardin*in the Plane, Spring Field &c *Merulius androsaceus* & *rotula* Com-mon in the Alder grove and Planta
-tion *Inula Helenium* Fl.

- 7 Ther at 8½ AM. 63. Gentle showers
- 8 Ther at 8½ AM. 58. at 3 AM. 70
 Rain during the greatest part of
 the day
- 9 Ther at 8 AM. 60 Breezy dry day
- Ther at 8 AM. 59. Pleasant dark dryday Carnation now decoratesthe Florists parterre.

117

(111)

August 1808

11 Ther at 9 AM. 63. Pleasant clear day

Aconitum uncinatum, Silphium

purfoliatum & Rudbeckia lacini

-atum Flowering.

12 Ther at 9 AM. 64. Rain at night

Hypericum prolificum Flowering

On examining the Lichens found du
ring my Journey to Glenarm they ap

-pear to be the following

Colluna fluviatile C. hydaterpum Ach

Parmelia aquila 2 Varieties

Lichen impressus Dick. 4.23

excavator

carnosus E.Bot 1684

digitalus Ach.188

aphosus Ach.161

saccatus Ach.165. E.Bot 288

purcatus

118

(112)

August 1808

13 Ther at 9. AM. 64. A shower in the middle of the day rest breezy and pleasant

Papilio Atalanta

Made a drawing of *Jungermania*

decurrens

Found among Bratamia [?] gathered at

Sallagh Braes. July 12

- 14 Ther at 9 AM. 62 Heavy showers throughout the day & Sunshine
- 15 Ther at 9 AM. 59 Heavy showers and Sunshine
- Ther at 8 AM. 66 Showers with Sunshine

Euphrasia Odontites Flow and and Lilium superbum

17 Set off for Newry in order to meet

Dr. Stokes and Mr Mackay

who came from Dublin in

order